



The rare exclusion of the July 2005 cosmic ray variations resulted from western and behind the limb solar activity

A. Papaioannou¹, A. Belov², H. Mavromichalaki¹,
E. Eroshenko², V. Oleneva²

¹ *University of Athens, Physics Department, Section of Nuclear & Particle Physics
(atpapaio@phys.uoa.gr)*

² *IZMIRAN, Russian Academy of Science, Moscow, Russia*



□ Intro:

- Solar Modulation and Solar Extreme Events

□ July 2005:

- Short description
- Solar activity
- Geomagnetic background
- Results from ANMODAP Center
- Cosmic Ray Anisotropy
- Cosmic Ray Gradient
- Conclusions

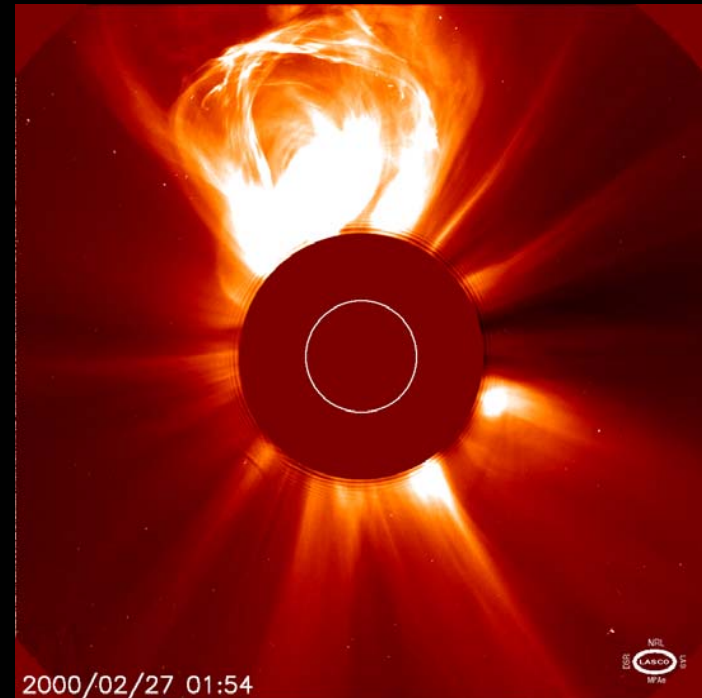


Solar Extreme Events



Solar Flares

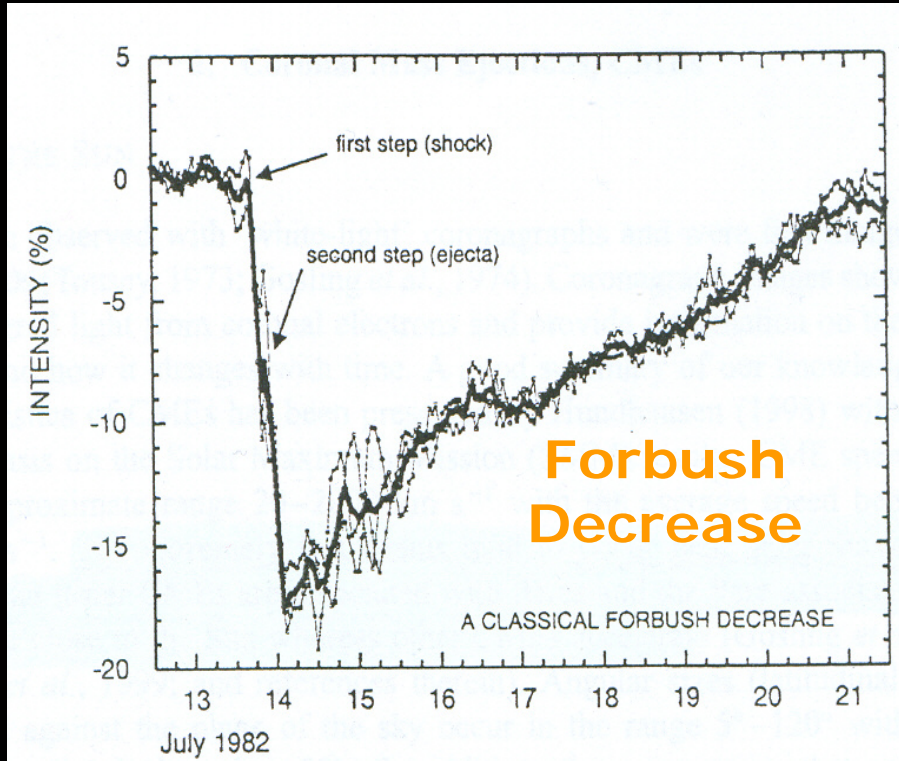
Cane 2000; Harisson 1995; Hundhausen 1999



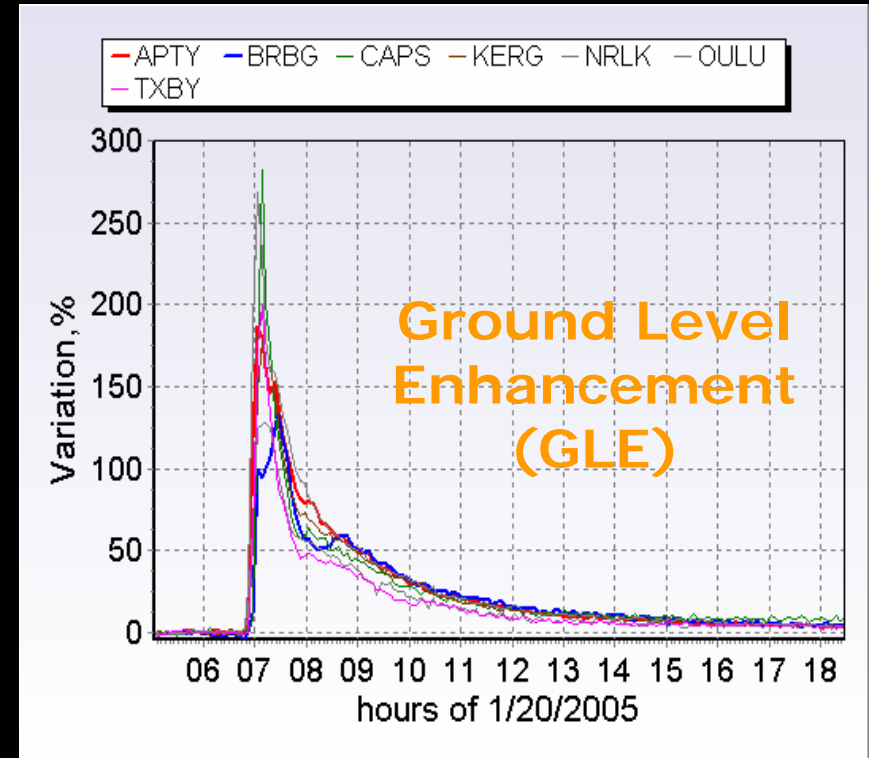
Coronal Mass Ejection (CME)



Heliospheric phenomena recorded at Earth



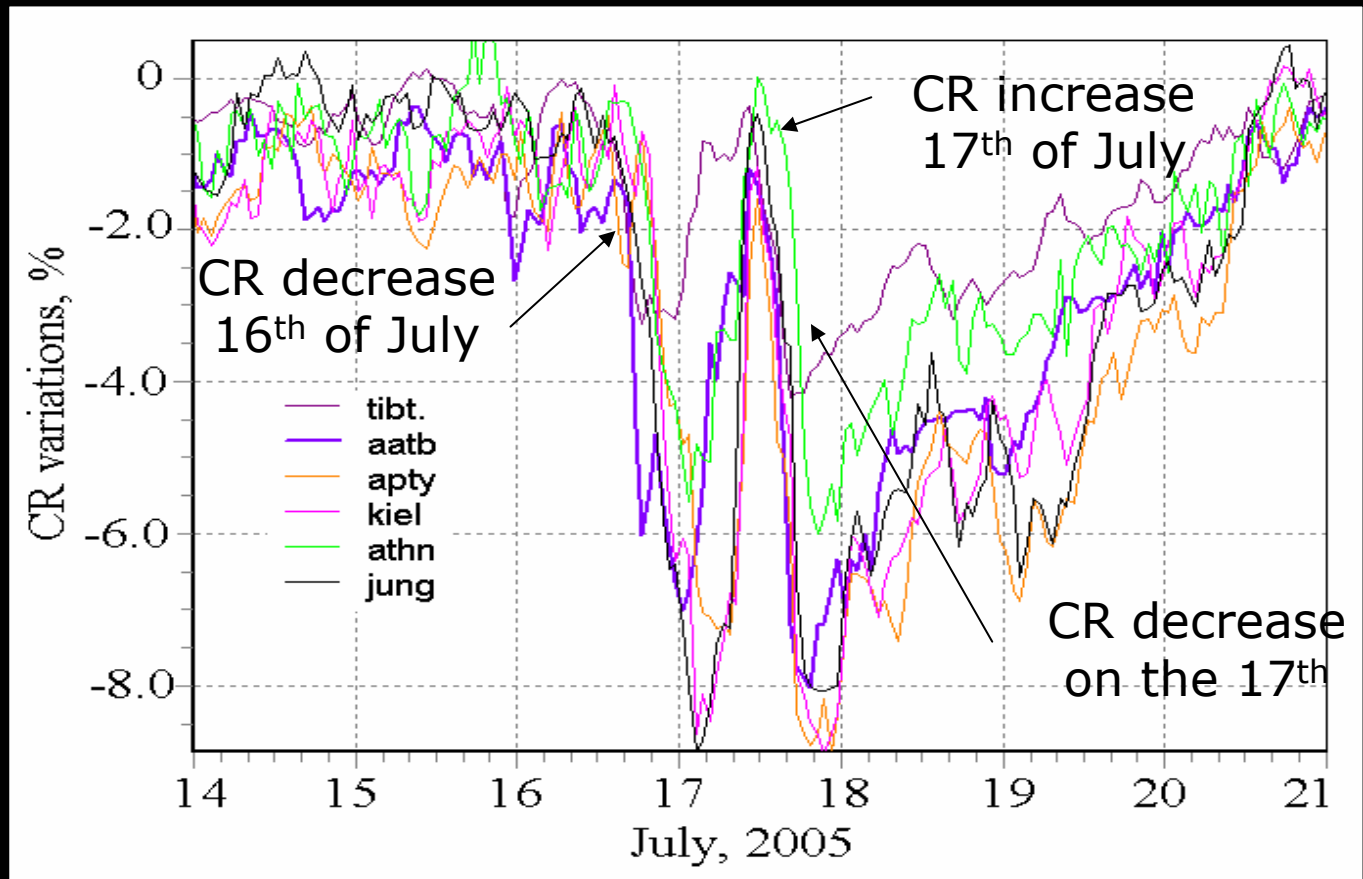
Forbush 1957; Belov 2001



Plainaki et al 2006



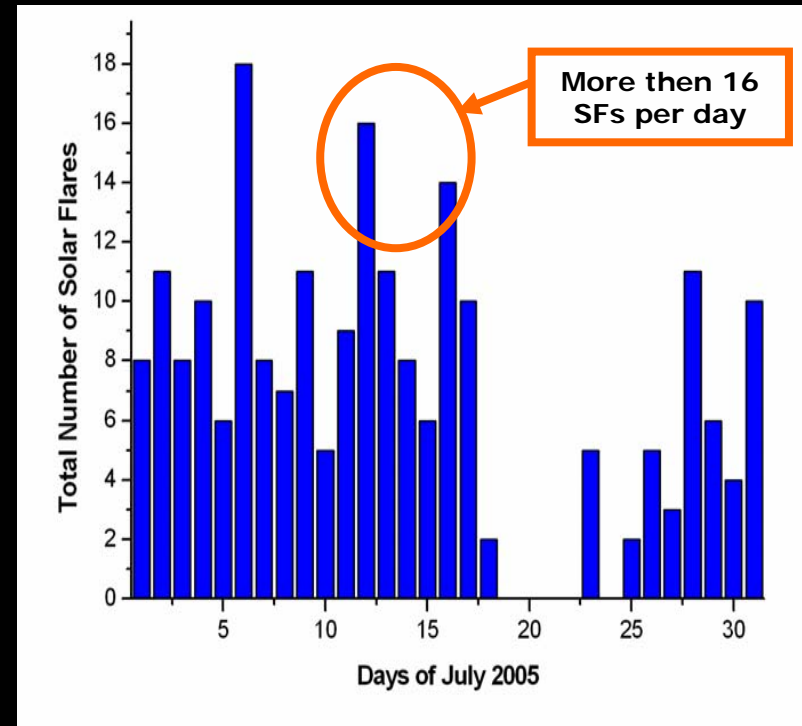
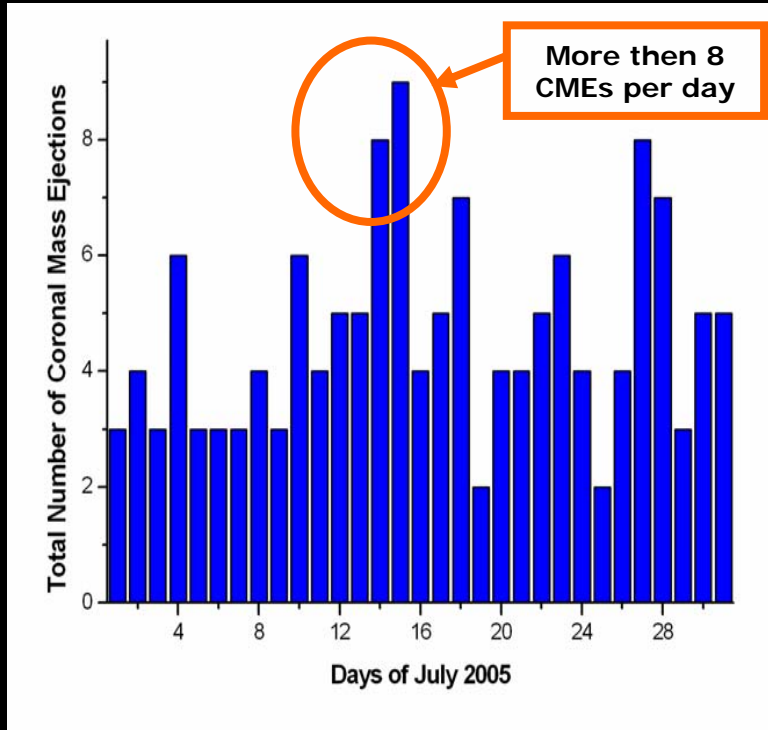
July 2005



Hofer et al, 2000; Mavromichalaki et al. 2007



Solar Events Background



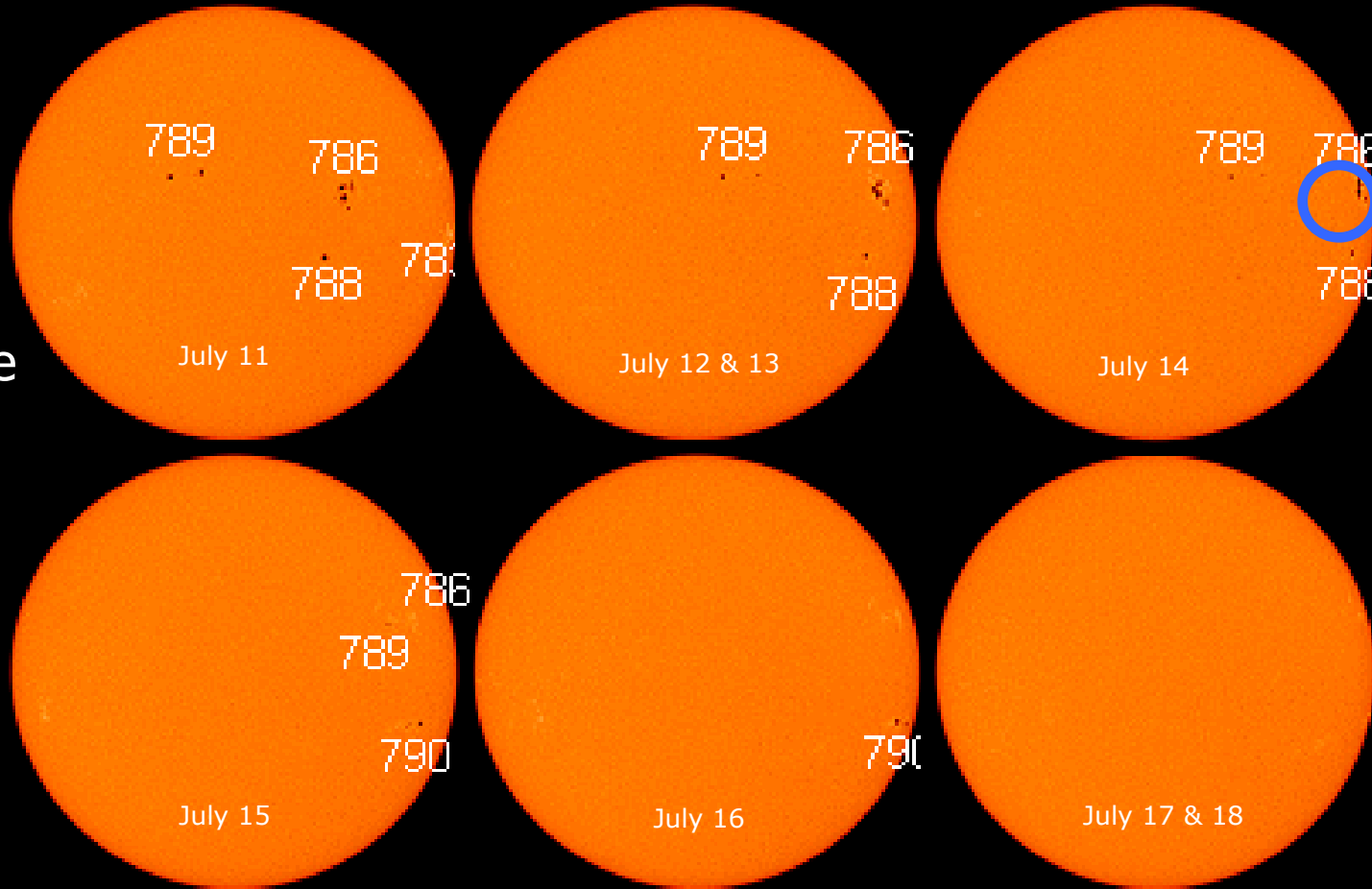


Days of July 2005	Location	X-ray	Active Region
07	N09E03	M 4.9	AR 786
09	N11W27	M 2.8	AR 786
12	N12W69	M 1.0	AR 786
13	N08W77	M 3.2	AR 786
13	N11W90	M 5.0	AR 786
13	N13W82	M 1.2	AR 786
13	N08W90	M 1.2	AR 786
14	N13W86	M 1.0	AR 786
14	N09W90	M 9.1	AR 786
14	N11W90	X 1.2	AR 786
14	N09W90	M 1.3	AR 786
14	N09W90	M 1.1	AR 786
16	S10W72	M 1.0	AR 790

A total of 80 Coronal Mass Ejections (CMEs) – out of which 17 Halo and 11 Partial Halo- as well as 214 Solar Flares (SF), highlighted by 19 M class and 2 X class SF, recorded in July 2005

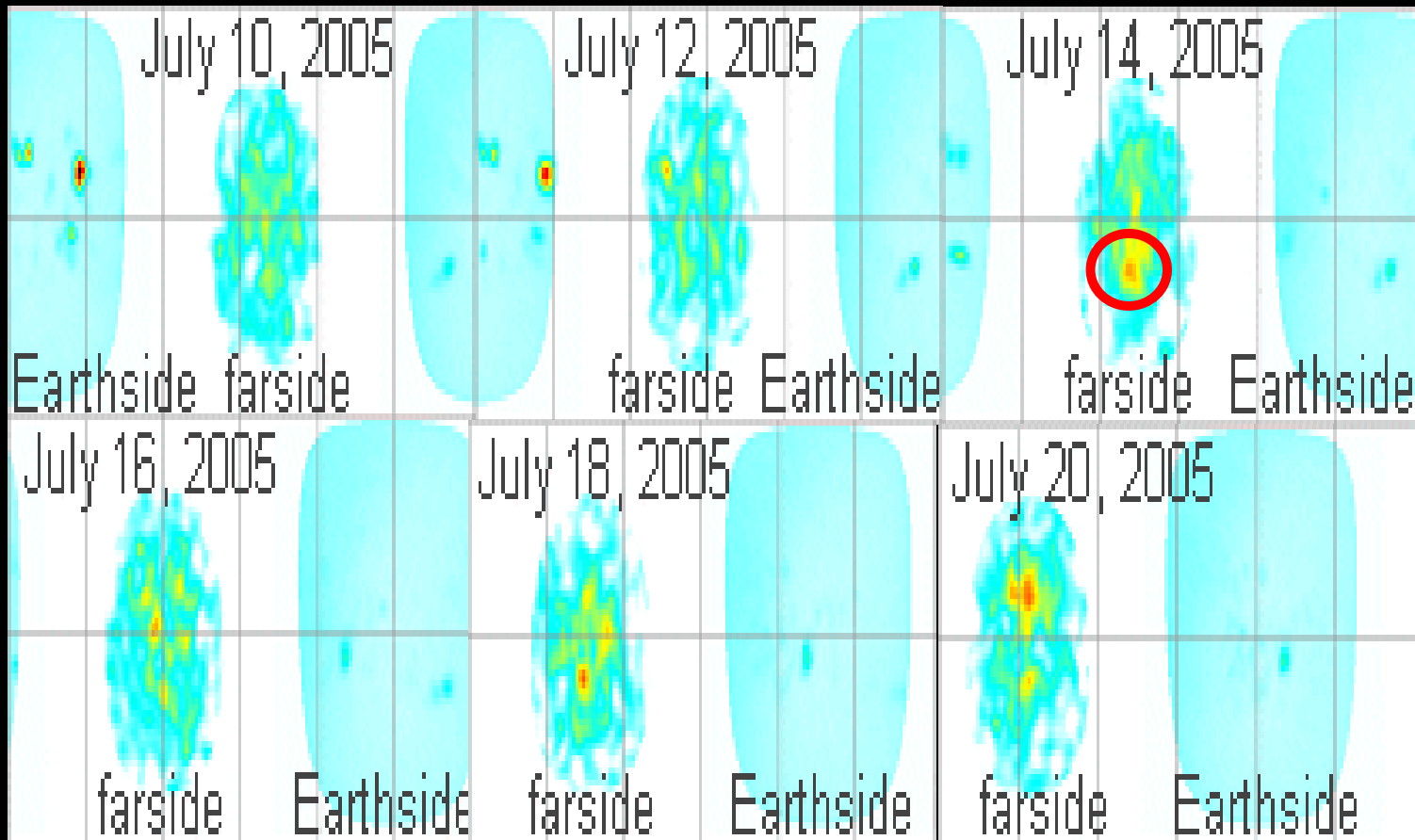


Development of
sunspots at the
visible side of the
Sun from 11th
until 18th of July
2005



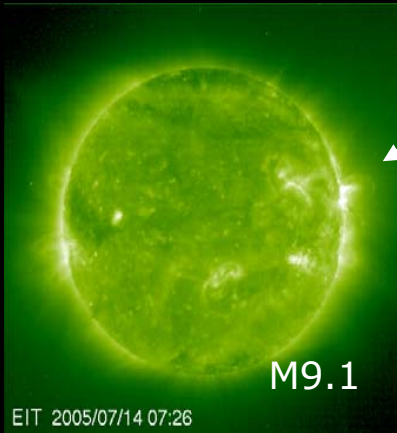


Development of **solar activity** at the **non visible** side of the Sun

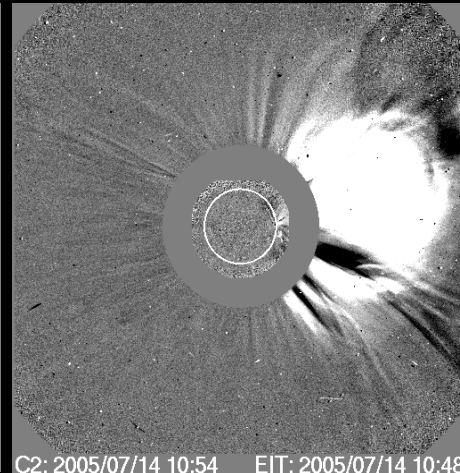
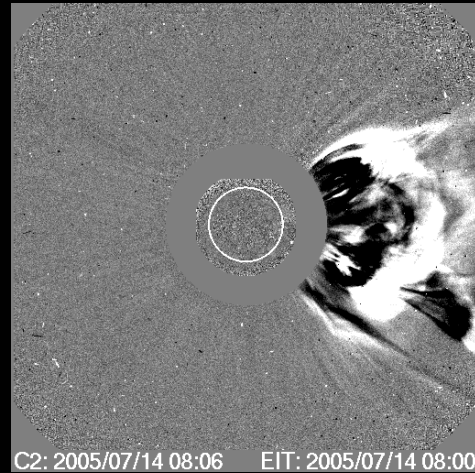
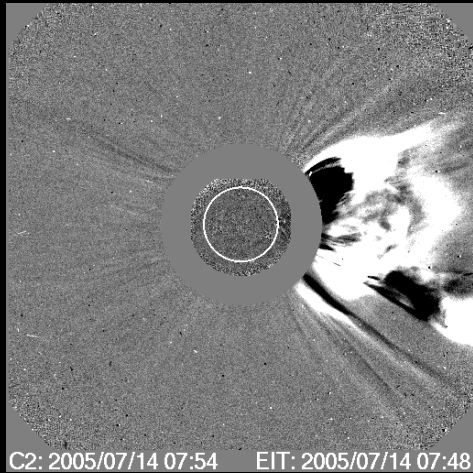
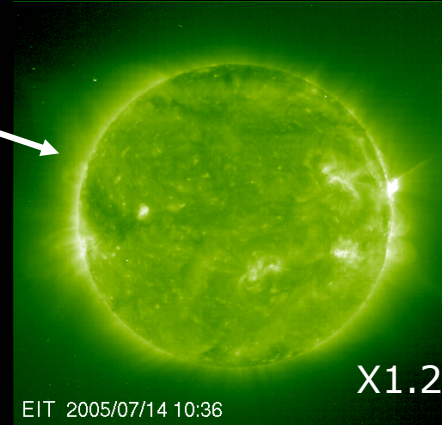




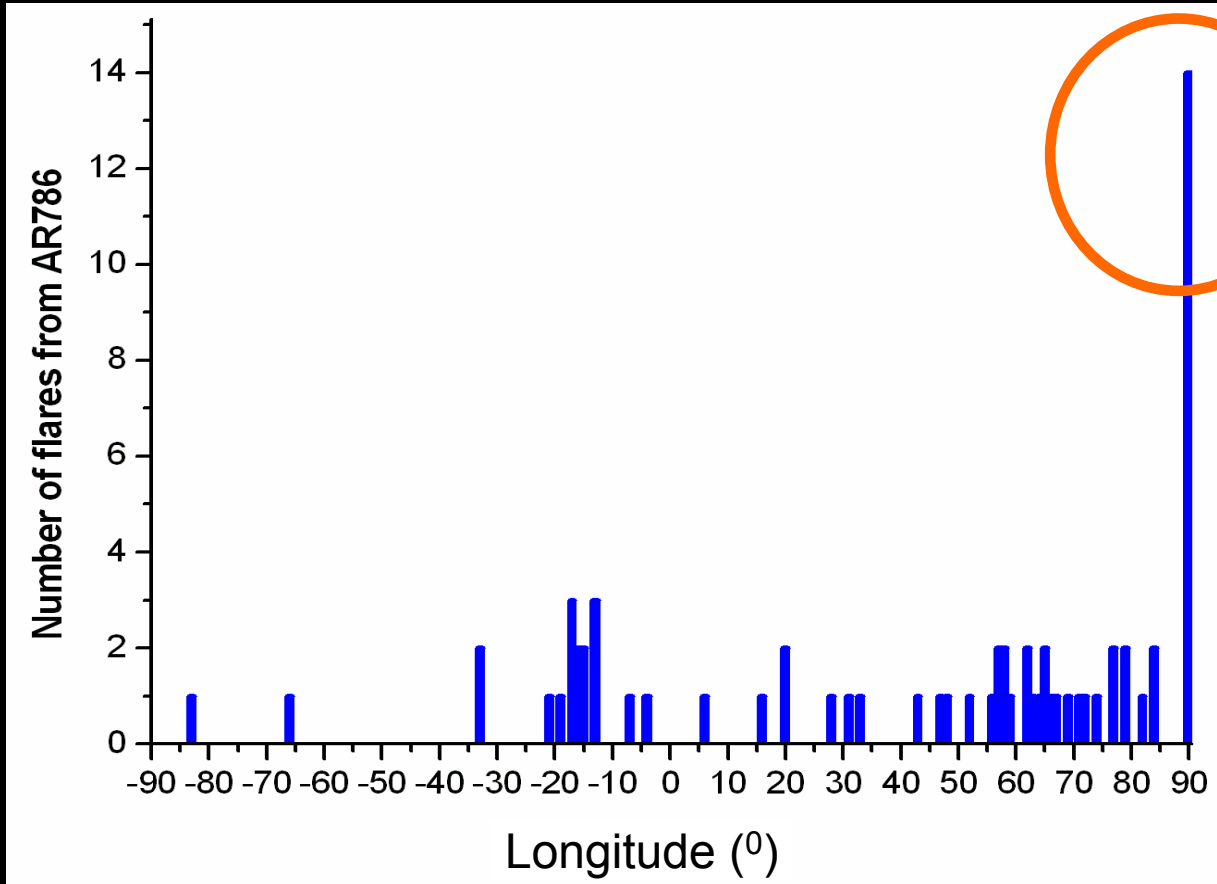
Most Important Events of July 2005



Intense western SF on the 14/07/05 & the associated series of CMEs



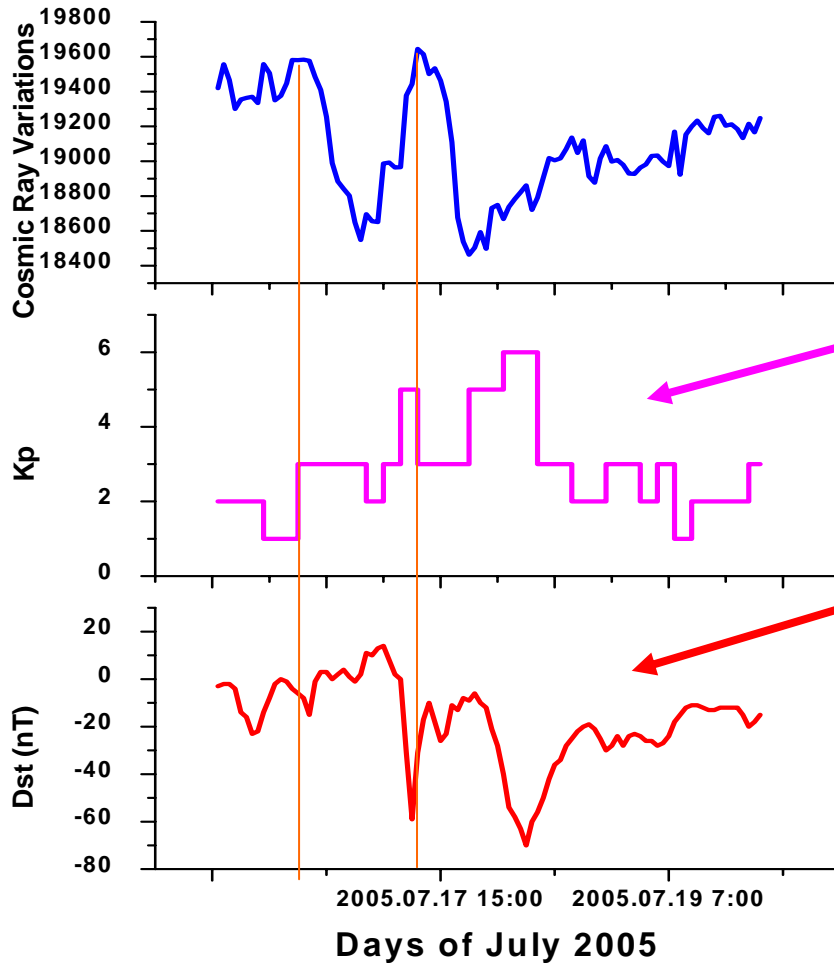
A representation of AR 786, just before its turning behind the limb



The majority of SF recorded at the limb of the Sun



Geomagnetic Background



■ Maximum Kp: 6

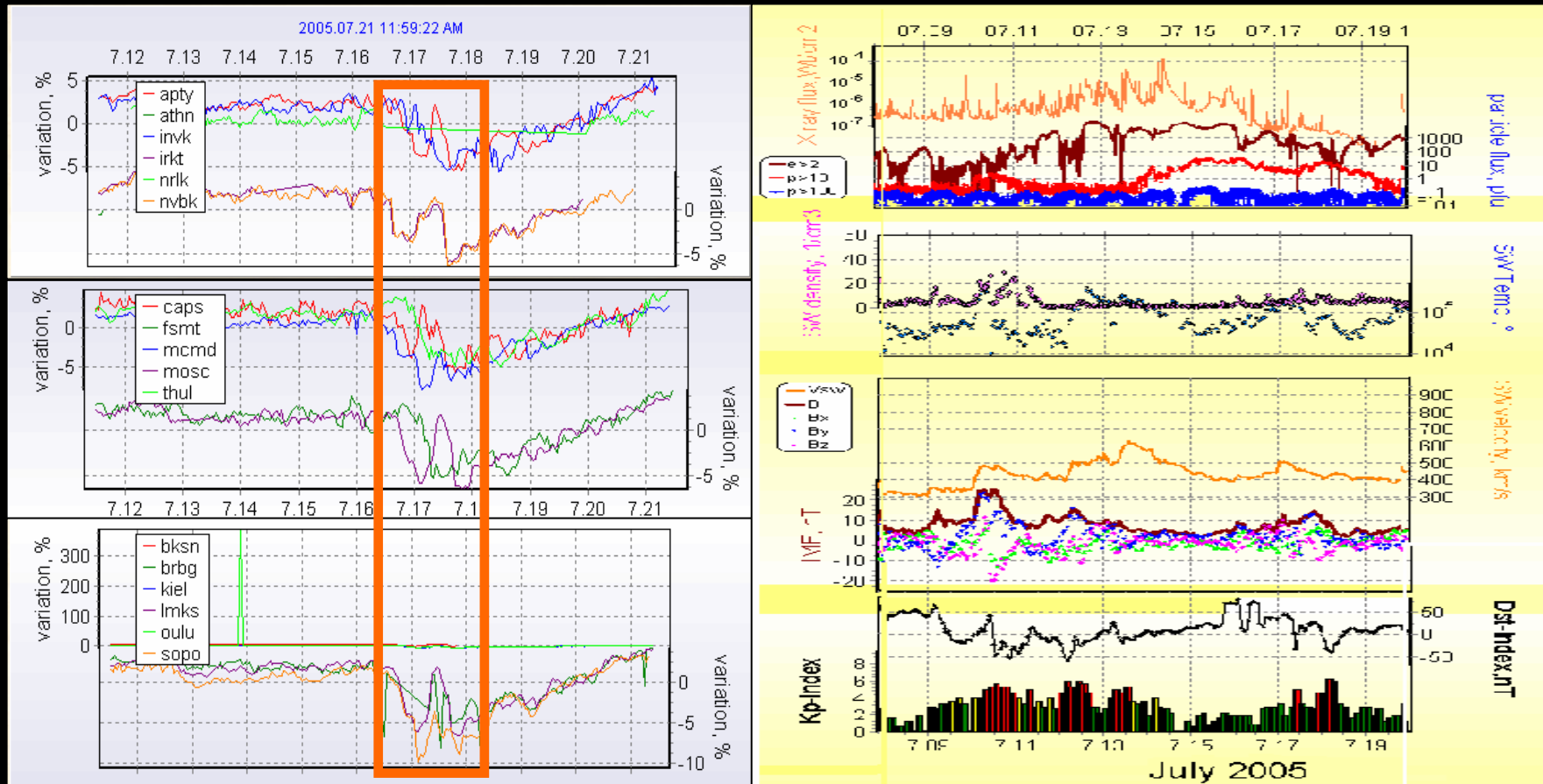
■ Minimum
Dst: - 70 nT

In order to characterize this as
a Geomagnetic Effect

Dst < -80 nT
(Iyemori, T, et al. 1996)



The over all picture from ANMODAP Center



Mavromichalaki et al 2005a; 2005b



Cosmic Ray Anisotropy

Typical anisotropy response to a shock

Direction inverse and increase of the North-South anisotropy component A_z

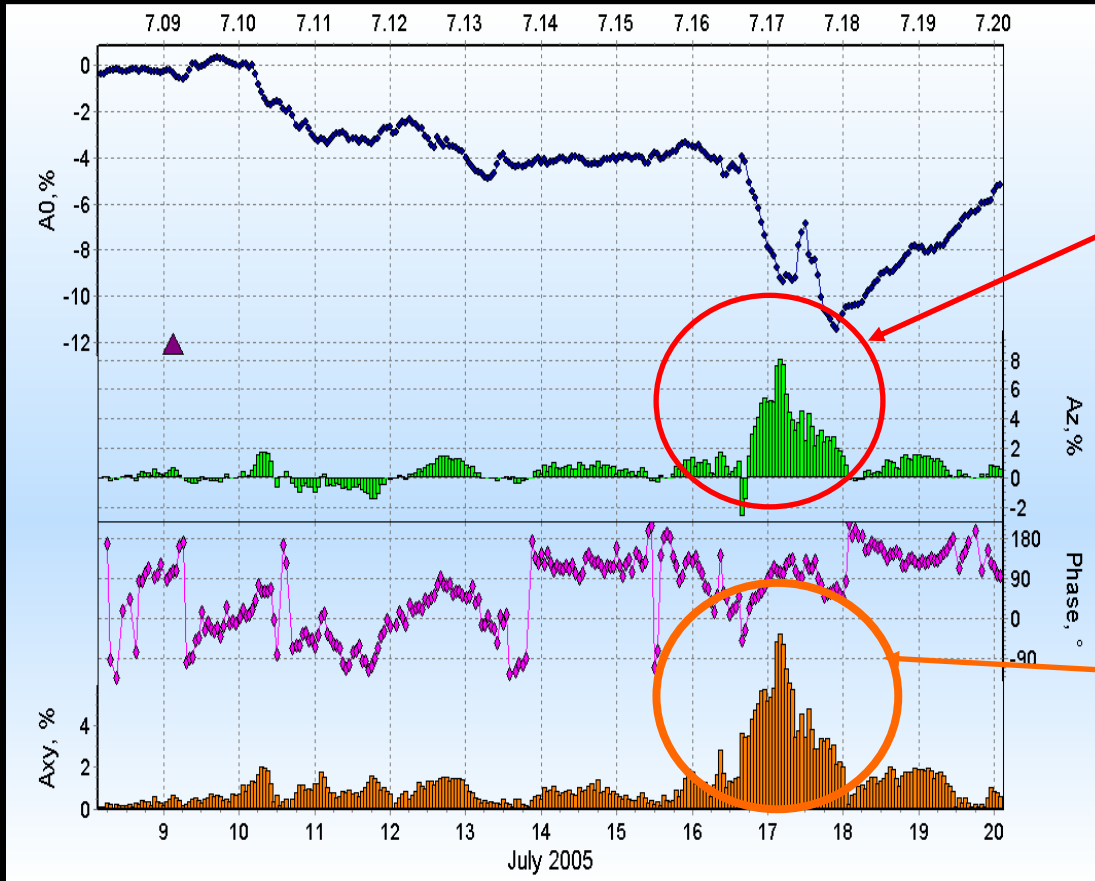
$\sim 8\%$

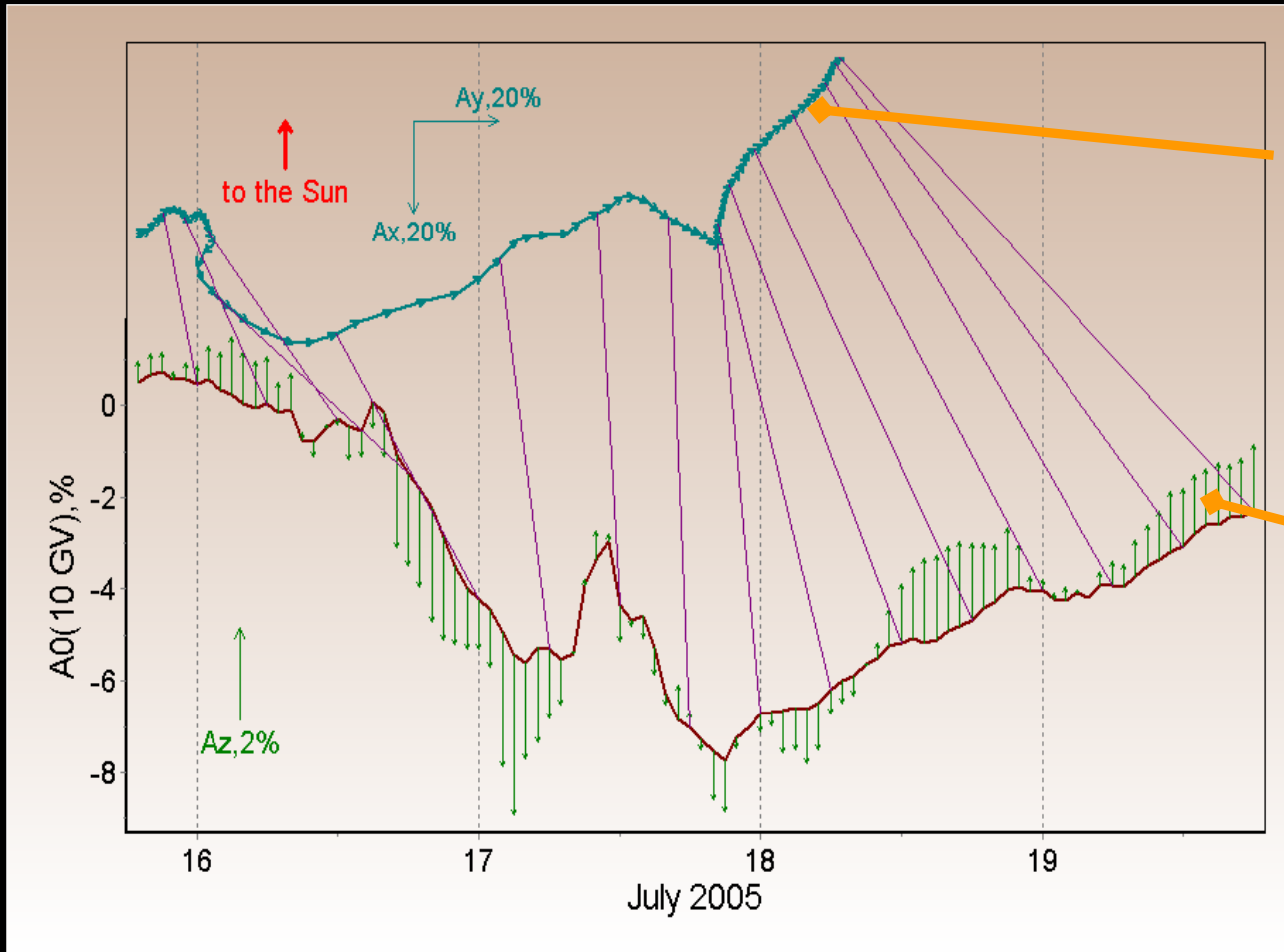
Inverse of Phase angle

Increase of the equatorial plane anisotropy component A_{xy}

A_{xy}

6-8%





Anisotropy A_{xy} of the
equatorial plane

North- South
Anisotropy
 A_z

Chen 1993; Hofer et al. 2000



Applying the Convection-Diffusion Approach

$$\vec{A} = \vec{A}_c - \lambda_{//} \vec{g}_{//} - \lambda_{\perp} \vec{g}_{\perp} - \lambda_h \left[\frac{\vec{H}}{H} \vec{g} \right]$$

$$\vec{A}_c = c \frac{\vec{u}}{v} \quad \vec{g}_{//} = \frac{\vec{A}_{xy}}{\lambda_{//}}$$

$$\kappa = \lambda_{\perp} / \lambda_{//} = (1 + n^2)^{-1}$$

$$\lambda_{//} = n \rho_o \quad \lambda_{\perp} = n(1 + n^2)^{-1} \rho_o \quad \lambda_h = n^2 (1 + n^2)^{-1} \rho_o$$

$$\vec{A} - \vec{A}_c = -\rho \left(\kappa^{\frac{-1}{2}} \vec{g}_{//} + \kappa^{\frac{1}{2}} \vec{g}_{\perp} + (1 - \kappa)^{\frac{1}{2}} \left[\frac{\vec{H}}{H} \vec{g} \right] \right)$$

Krymsky 1974; Belov, 1982



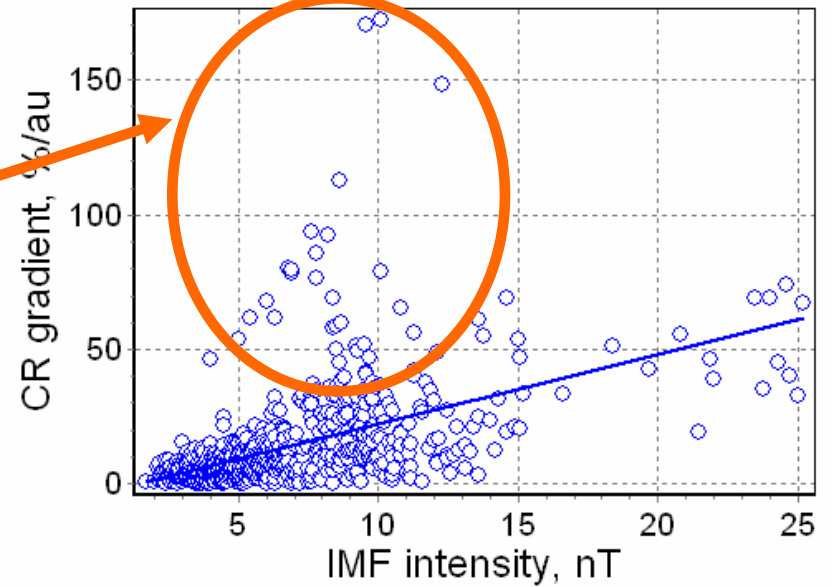
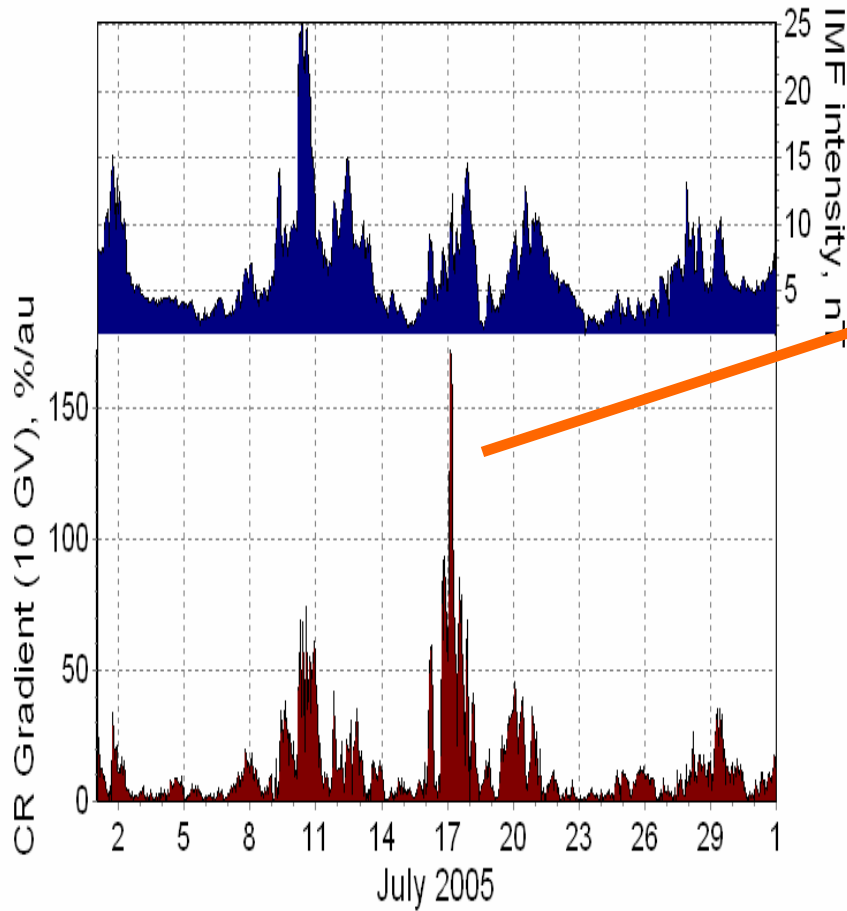
$$\vec{A} - \vec{A}_c = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{\kappa}} \begin{pmatrix} \cos^2 \psi + \kappa \sin^2 \psi & \cos \psi \sin \psi (1 - \kappa) & -\sin \psi \sqrt{\kappa(1 - \kappa)} \\ \cos \psi \sin \psi (1 - \kappa) & \sin^2 \psi + \kappa \cos^2 \psi & \cos \psi \sqrt{\kappa(1 - \kappa)} \\ \sin \psi \sqrt{\kappa(1 - \kappa)} & -\cos \psi \sqrt{\kappa(1 - \kappa)} & \kappa \end{pmatrix} \rho \vec{g}$$

Cosmic Ray Gradient

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} g_x = \frac{1}{\rho} [-\sqrt{\kappa}(A_x - A_c) - \sin \psi \sqrt{1 - \kappa}] \\ g_y = \frac{1}{\rho} [-\sqrt{\kappa}A_y + \cos \psi \sqrt{1 - \kappa}A_z] \\ g_z = \frac{1}{\rho} [\sin \psi \sqrt{1 - \kappa}(A_x - A_c) - \cos \psi \sqrt{1 - \kappa}A_y - \sqrt{\kappa}A_z] \end{array} \right.$$



July 16 - 17, 2005





Summarizing:

- I. The intense solar activity that forehanded the Forbush decrease on the 16th of July could justify the recorded variation
- II. The high equatorial anisotropy shows that an intense flux from Western particles arrived at Earth on the 17th and can explain the sudden increase of CRs
- III. The recorded increase is in no case a Ground level one (GLE)
- IV. The geomagnetic indices Dst & Kp did not reach values that could justify a geomagnetic effect
- V. The Convection-Diffusion approach revealed a unique situation which evolved at a more or less quiescent background
- VI. Overall the complexity that dominated interplanetary space and evolved at the Western part of inner heliosphere after the series of CMEs at 14/07/05



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We would like to thank all
colleagues providing the
data of their stations

Thank you for your
attention

WIND MFI KP Major Frame Averages

WIND MFI KP Major Frame Averages

WIND MFI KP Major Frame Averages

05 197

July 16

GSE Coordinates

05 198

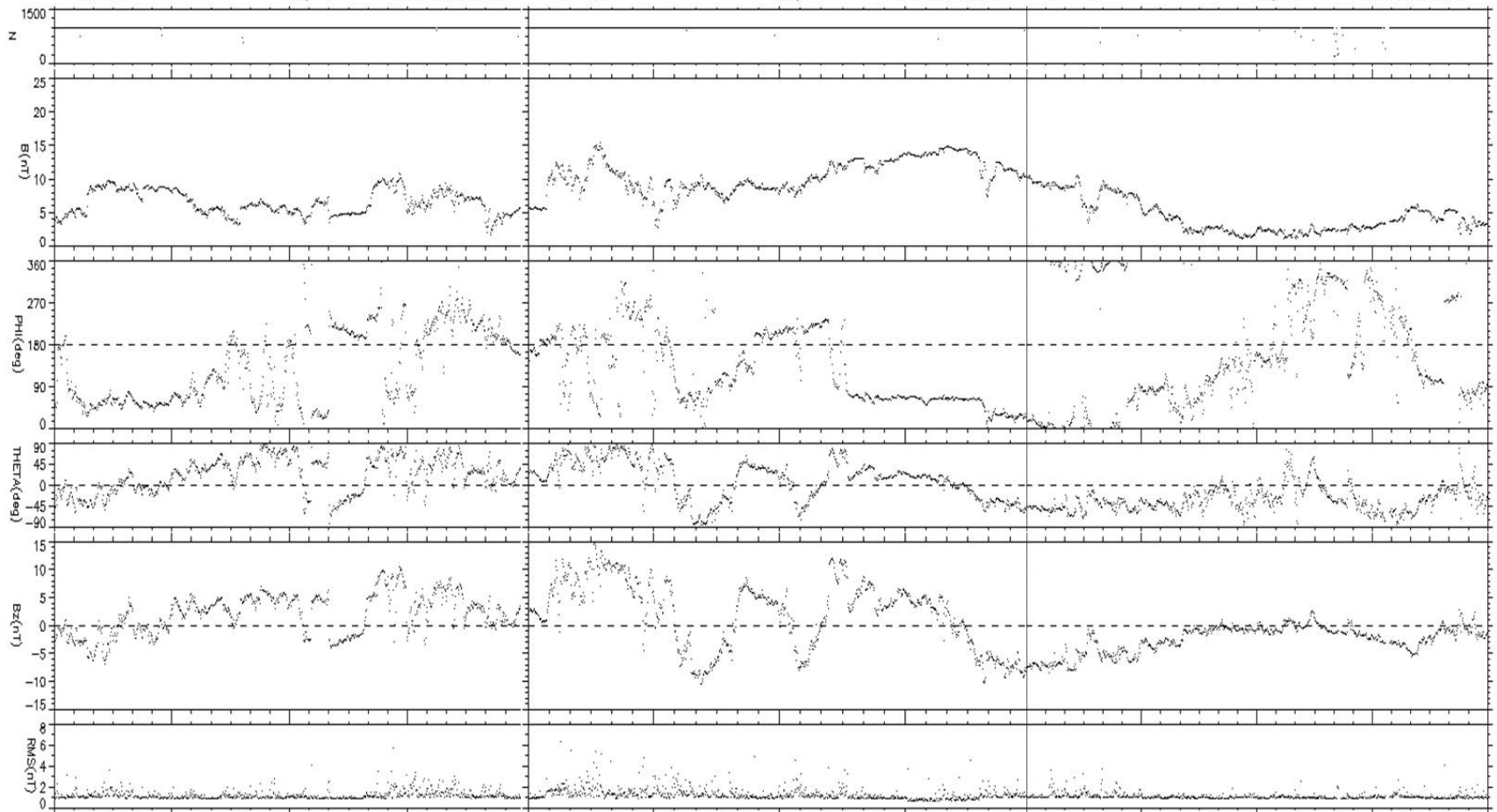
July 17

GSE Coordinates

05 199

July 18

GSE Coordinates



UT	00	06	12	18	24	00	06	12	18	24	00	06	12	18	24
GSEX	264.3	264.3	264.2	264.1	264.1	264.0	264.0	264.0	263.9	263.8	263.8	263.8	263.7	263.6	263.6
GSEY	-1.7	-2.5	-3.4	-4.3	-5.1	-6.0	-6.9	-7.7	-8.6	-9.5	-10.4	-11.2	-12.1	-12.1	-12.1
GSEZ	20.7	20.6	20.6	20.6	20.5	20.5	20.4	20.4	20.4	20.3	20.3	20.2	20.2	20.2	20.1
R(Re)	265.1	265.1	265.0	265.0	264.9	264.9	264.9	264.9	264.8	264.8	264.7	264.7	264.7	264.7	264.6
Time	0: 1:11	6: 1:31	12: 0:19	18: 0:39	24: 0:59	6: 1:19	12: 0: 7	18: 0:27	24: 0:47	6: 1: 7	12: 1:27	18: 0:15	24: 0:15	23:58: 3	

Generation Date Tue Nov 15 01:38:25 200

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